



CORPORATE INDIA RISK INDEX

2023

Intelligence partner

FROST & SULLIVAN

SECTOR REPORT 2023

AUTOMOTIVE & ANCILLARY



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Preface

Corporate India Risk Index is primarily an academic exercise to understand the level of risk that companies are facing and also assist in developing a successful risk aversion plan, CIRI is a first-of-its-kind risk measurement tool to gauge the level of a company's risk exposure and preparedness.

This Corporate risk comprises of various aspects of the business—spanning customer, competition, regulatory environment, business operations, technology finances, environmental factors etc. The impact of unprecedented events is significantly higher now.

This Index is a comprehensive framework that draws upon global risk management best practices and comprises of 32 risk elements across 6 broad dimensions. The Risk Index is based on the principles of Lean and Six Sigma that qualify business processes by measuring effectiveness and efficiency.

ICICI Lombard's Corporate India Risk Index provides a crucial tool for assessing and addressing risks, fostering resilience and adaptability in the ever-evolving global landscape. In the current climate of increasing macroeconomic uncertainties, it is essential for corporates to prioritize robust risk management. We believe that a proactive approach to risk management not only fortifies individual businesses but also contributes significantly to India's overall economic growth and stability.

Executive Summary

The Indian automotive sector in 2023 experienced significant growth and transformation across various segments. The year marked a record-breaking performance with soaring car sales, particularly in the luxury car segment which doubled in demand, and a notable 50% growth in Electric Vehicles (EVs). The market outlook for India's automotive industry from 2023 to 2030 projects a robust demand reaching 8,363,344 units by 2030, driven by technological advancements, policy support, and environmental awareness.

The sector's resilience amidst challenges like the global energy crisis, supply chain disruptions, and changing consumer behaviour was evident, with a focus on last-mile delivery, e-commerce sales channels, and the rise of electric vehicles.

The auto ancillary market is predicted to reach INR 9.36 lakh crores by FY 2028, with a CAGR of 14.74%, playing a critical role in the automotive ecosystem by providing essential components for vehicle performance and safety.

The industry's future growth is anticipated to be fuelled by factors such as rising disposable income, availability of credit, government initiatives, and the increasing demand for electric vehicles, with a projected market share of EVs set to rise to 54% by 2035.

Overall, the Indian automotive sector in 2023 showcased adaptability, innovation, and a shift towards sustainable and technology-driven practices, setting the stage for continued growth and evolution in the coming years.

Introduction

ICICI Lombard Corporate India Risk Index is a one of its kind, unified, credible, standardized corporate Risk Index that spans over the country level, the industry level, and the company level. The index has a comprehensive sector coverage.

Aerospace and Defence, Agriculture and Food Processing, Automotive and Ancillary, BFSI, Biotech & Life sciences, Chemicals and Petrochemicals, Education Skill Development, Energy, FMCG, Healthcare Delivery, Infra and Realty, IT/ITES, Manufacturing, Media and Gaming, Metals and Mining, New Age & Startup, Pharmaceuticals, Telecom and Communication Technology, Tourism and Hospitality, Transportation and Logistics.



The impact is identified across key business risk (internal and external) under the following ‘Strategic Risk Areas’, The ICICI Lombard Corporate India Risk Index Framework comprises of 32 risk elements across 6 broad dimensions.



Market and Economic Risk

Corporate Risks arising due to market and economy related factors, such as internal or external political uncertainty, global slowdown, taxation-regulatory changes etc. Market and economy related risks are also identified as ‘Systematic Risks’, we have further classified the risks into below mentioned categories.

- **Inflation:** Inflation is the general increase in prices within the economy. The rising prices for businesses could result in bigger production spending and a fall in profitability. The companies should be attentive, acute, and responsive to changes in inflation to efficiently manage the prices of final products.
- **Taxation:** In a large democracy like India, complexity of multiple taxes (multiple taxes like GST, custom duties, central excise duty, etc.) is a major concern. The changing legislations, increased scrutiny by tax authorities and increasing public attention are together resulting in tax risks for organizations. There is, thus an increasing urgency for firms to manage their tax affairs efficiently to minimize tax risks.

- **Regulatory Risks:** Regulatory risk is the risk of changes in regulations and laws that might affect an industry or businesses. The regulatory changes can pertain to tariffs and trade policies, business laws pertaining to employment, minimum wage laws, financial regulation, Foreign Direct Investment etc.
- **Foreign Exchange Risk:** The exchange rate plays an important role for firms who export goods and import raw materials. The fluctuations in foreign exchange will have great impacts on the prices of traded goods. For example, if the currency depreciates (devaluation), the exporting firms will benefit. However, the firms importing raw materials will face higher costs on imports. The firms need to hedge their exposure to foreign exchange risks to insulate themselves from the impact from forex changes.
- **Geo-political Tension:** Geopolitical risk means the political and economic risks that are a potential threat to the financial and operational stability of companies.
- **Competitive risk:** Competitive risk is the risk associated with the fact that there are multiple companies competing in the market, each seeking to obtain the highest position and consumer ratings, to gain maximum benefits for themselves. The companies devise different strategies to garner a higher market share and acquire customers from competitors. Any failure in managing the competitive stand could lead to losses in business, thereby making marketing and competition a major risk in market.



Technology Risk

Technology risks are also identified as information technology related risks which may arise due to failure of any installed hardware or software system, spam, viruses or any malicious attack. Also delay/over/under adoption of trending disruptive technologies can lead to technology related risks. We have classified the risks in below mentioned categories.

- **Innovation Risk / Obsolete Technology:** Innovation is the key to success in all the industries. Risk of redundancy and losing out to competition on account of poor R&D is a major concern.
- **Intellectual Property risk:** Dependence on trade secrets and unpatented proprietary know-how.
- **Disruptive Technologies:** These will fundamentally alter the financial prospects of the industry.
- **Data Compromise:** Hardware failure refers to malfunctions within the electronic circuits or electromechanical components (disks, tapes) of a computer system; Software failure refers to an operating system crash. Such failures lead to stoppage of entire computer or operating systems creating substantial losses to business.



Operational and Physical Risk

Risk of losses caused due to faulty or failed processes, systems or human resource related inefficiencies are classified as operational and physical risks. We have classified Operational & Physical risks in below mentioned categories.

- **Critical Infrastructure Failure / Machine Breakdown:** Industries with a heavy dependence on machinery consider any rise in machinery breakdowns a hindrance to their businesses operations. An untimely equipment breakdown can bring businesses to a standstill or be the root cause for fires and explosions. Mostly, human errors and deferred maintenances are the major reasons for such breakdowns. The companies should actively invest in timely maintenance of all machineries.
- **Business Continuity / Sustainability:** Non adoption of Business Continuity/ Sustainability Plans and Lack of Internal Control tools would result in: Failure of businesses, Brand Equity / Loss of reputation, Financial Loss, Business model Failure, Ineffective engagement/communication with stakeholders, Losses in productivity, Lack of opportunity monitoring.
- **Supply chain risk:** Raw Material unavailability and Heavy Dependence on Global Supply Chains / Supplier concentration risk. Unavailability of raw materials owing to disruption in the supply chain or heavy dependency on one source (company/country) which is unable to supply owing to some geo-political tensions, fires, or any other incidents. Transportation is one of the key activities for companies making it an important risk to mitigate. The loss of goods in transit and spillage is one of the major concerns as it accounts for a sizeable loss of revenue to companies.
- **Commodity Price Risk - Volatility in prices of raw materials:** The fluctuations in raw material prices creating a margin pressure / top-line pressure in the scenario of rising input costs.
- **Portfolio Risk:** Loss of key customers, Customer concentration - Key customers accounting for a larger share of revenue, Over-dependence on suppliers, Business Model Risk: Transformative changes in business model, Tail Risks: Ability to overcome or manage extreme worst-case scenarios.
- **Environmental Hazard Risk:** Any environmental hazard having the potential to affect the surrounding environment.
- **Workplace Accident:** Fire and Explosion Hazards, Containment Incidents, Workplace Injuries
- **Human Resource:** Key person risk: This risk occurs when a business or business unit becomes heavily reliant on a key individual. Talent acquisition and retention - The companies require a highly skilled labor force for R&D as well as continuous production. Accessing skilled resources and expertise on an on-going basis is one of the major challenges; moreover, retention of trained staff is imperative. Labor shortages, Union Strikes & Industrial Actions, Employee health, safety, and security (SHE/Sustainability risk).
- **Financial Risk:** Financial Reporting Risk: Material misstatement of Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error. Interest rates and equity prices: Interest rate risk arising out of working capital borrowings at variable rates. Equity price fluctuations affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Liquidity Risk (Credit Risk / Receivables).
- **Breaches of law (local/ international):** Voluntary/ involuntary breaches of law can lead to costly lawsuits.



Crime & Security Risk

Cybersecurity risks relate to the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability of information, data, or information (or control) systems and reflect the potential adverse impacts to organizational operations. These attacks can cause major financial losses, reputational harm, and a loss of client trust. Regarding cybersecurity, the BFSI industry in India has several difficulties, including difficult-to-secure legacy systems, a shortage of qualified cybersecurity personnel, and the requirement for ongoing system and network monitoring. There is a significant investment in cybersecurity tools like network monitoring, endpoint security, access control, and threat intelligence. Many organizations are also implementing cutting-edge technology like artificial intelligence and machine learning to strengthen their security posture.

We have classified Crime & Security risks in below mentioned categories.

- **Cyber Crimes:** Data Theft, Spam, scams and phishing, Hacking, Malwares and Viruses, Piracy, Fraud, Corruption, Malicious attacks
- **Counterfeiting:** Counterfeiting of goods/services leads to loss of revenues, profits and ultimately affects the brand equity
- Threat to Women Security
- **Terrorism:** Un-lawful use of violence and intimidation, especially against civilians, in the pursuit of political aims.



Natural Hazard Risk

A natural hazard is the threat of an event that will likely have a negative impact. A natural disaster is the negative impact following an actual occurrence of natural hazard if it significantly harms a community. Due to India's geographical structure, it is one of the most disaster-prone countries in the world. Natural hazards like floods, earthquakes, landslides, and cyclones are common risks faced by India. The situation has worsened due to rise in GHG emissions, loss of biodiversity, deforestation, and degradation of environment. Such natural disasters hamper the day-to-day operations of corporates, and it is important for them to understand that such risks cannot go unheeded. Over the years, Indian corporates have learnt to mitigate such risks by diversifying their supply chains, having multiple logistics partners, diversified geographical presence and multiple vendors.

- **Pandemic and other global epidemic diseases:** Risk to business owing to disruptions caused by COVID-19 pandemic and similar another global epidemic.



Strategic Risk

Strategic risk is the risk that failed business decisions may pose to a company. Strategic risk is often a major factor in determining a company's worth, particularly observable if the company experiences a sharp decline in a short period of time. Several factors, such as unethical or unlawful activities, poor customer service, product recalls, data breaches, or unfavorable media coverage, can lead to strategic risk. An organization's reputation can be severely harmed by a single negative incident, such as a high-profile data breach or fraud scandal, resulting in a loss of clients, income, and market share.

- **Resource scarcity / Misutilization / Overall Utilization:** Difficulties in acquisition of land, water, fuel, or other resources for operations of business.
- **Public Sentiment:** Current events playing out in the public scene can change the public sentiment.
- **Delay in execution of projects:** Delays in execution of projects can surge in the capex.
- **Increased number of recalls and quality audits:** Impacts both the brand equity and increased operational expenses.
- **Failed / Hostile Mergers & Acquisitions:** High dependence on inorganic growth.

Bottom-Up Risk Assessment Approach

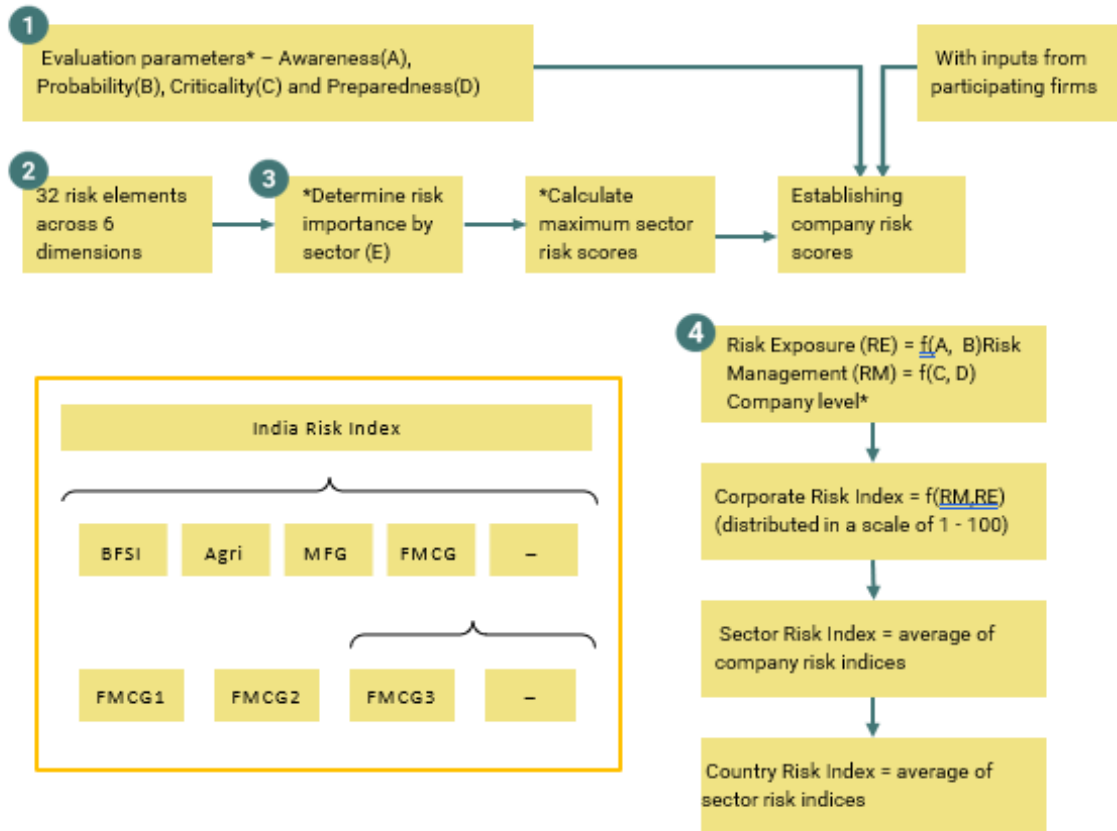


Figure 1: Risk Assessment Approach

- 1. Evaluation Parameters*:** The index maps the risks faced by any enterprise basis of Awareness, Probability, Criticality and Preparedness against the defined Risk elements. The evaluation Parameters are defined as:
 - Awareness - Level of awareness of potential risk affecting the firm.
 - Probability - Likelihood of risk to affect the business goals of the firm adversely.
 - Criticality - Level of impact of the identified risk on the success of business goals.
 - Preparedness - Risk handling practices/ mechanisms already in place to handle the risk.
- 2. Determining Risk Importance*:** Importance/Impact of individual risk element is established against individual sector based on the published corporate risk reports, in depth sector understanding by F&S team and SMEs.

3. **Calculating Maximum Sector Risk Score:** Weighted Sum of all risk elements based on their importance to the respective sector.
4. **Company Level*:** All the Risk Index scores for companies in a sector are averaged to represent the sector; and sectors average to India. Risk Exposure is defined as the function of corporate's Risk Awareness and Probability of risk occurrence. Risk Management is defined as the function of an enterprise risk preparedness and criticality risk impact assessment.

Defining the Risk Scale

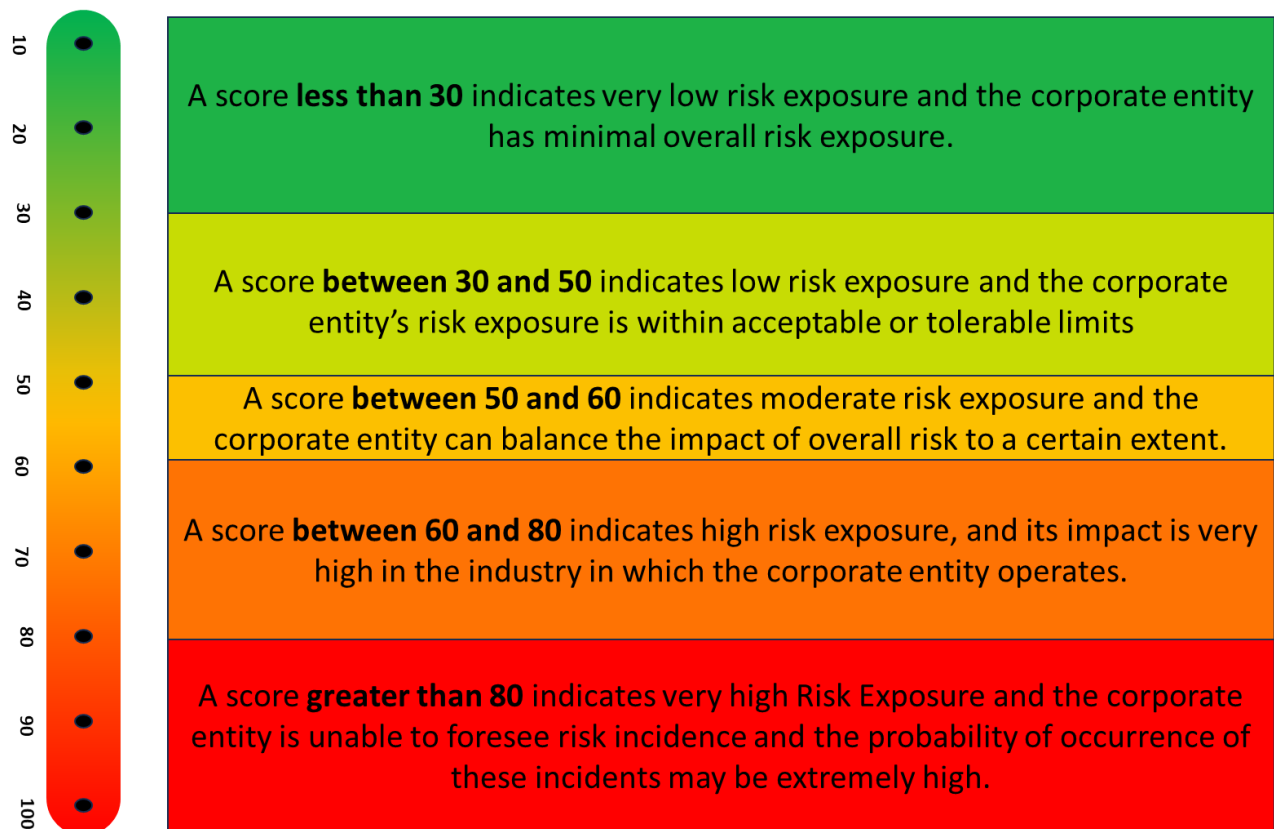
We have selected 20 sectors to understand the current stand of our country today in terms of risk. Risk for various sectors is measured on the risk exposure scale and risk management scale.

A. ICICI Lombard Corporate Risk Exposure – Scale

Risk Exposure: The impact of any internal, external or strategic occurrence on the financial performance of an organization is defined as the corporate risk exposure.

Risk has traditionally been seen as something to be avoided – with the belief that if behavior is risky, it's not something a business should pursue. But the very nature of business is to take risks to attain growth. Risk can be a creator of value and can play a unique role in driving business performance.

Let's look at the risk exposure scale.

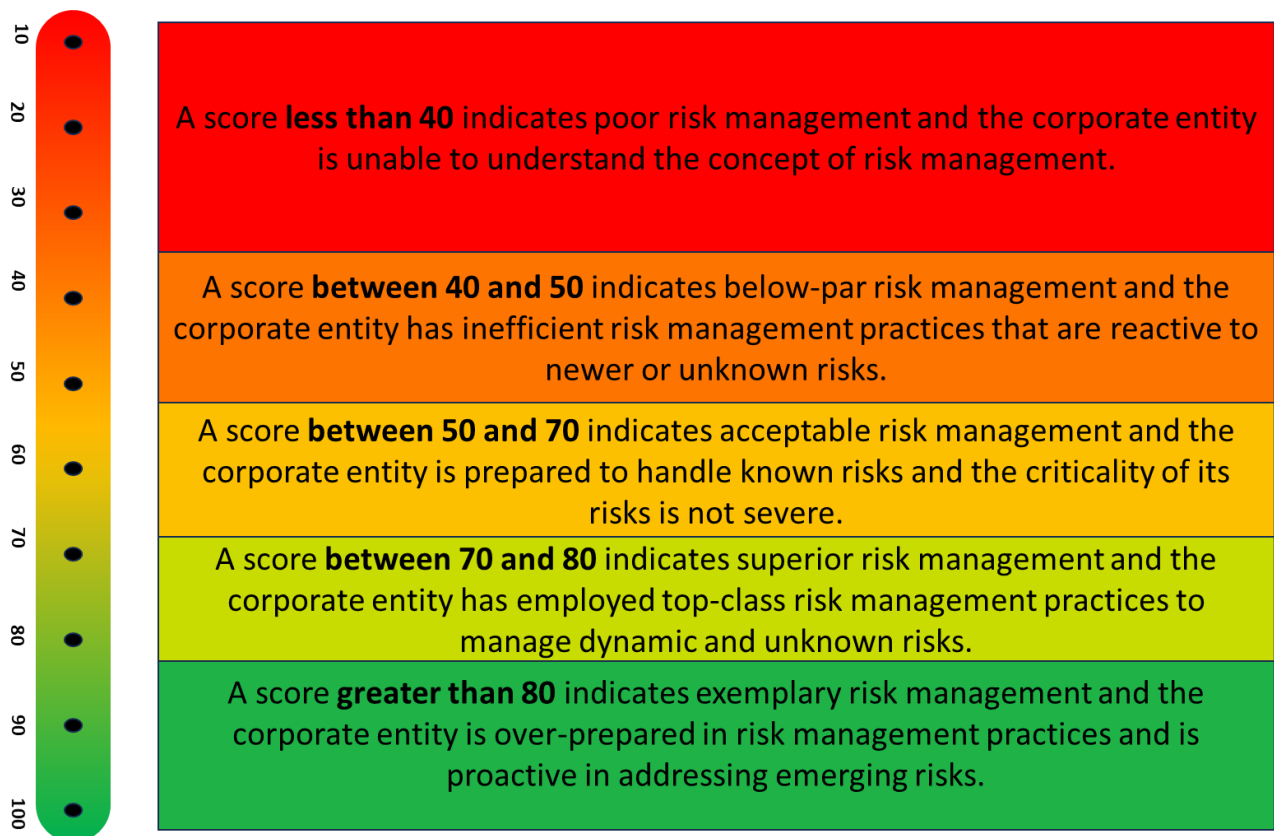


B. ICICI Lombard Corporate Risk Management – Scale

Risk Management: Identification, Evaluation and Prioritization of corporate risks followed by well-coordinated steps to minimize the occurrence of uncertainties in the foreseeable future is defined as the Corporate Risk Management.

The risk management scale works in the opposite to that of the risk exposure scale.

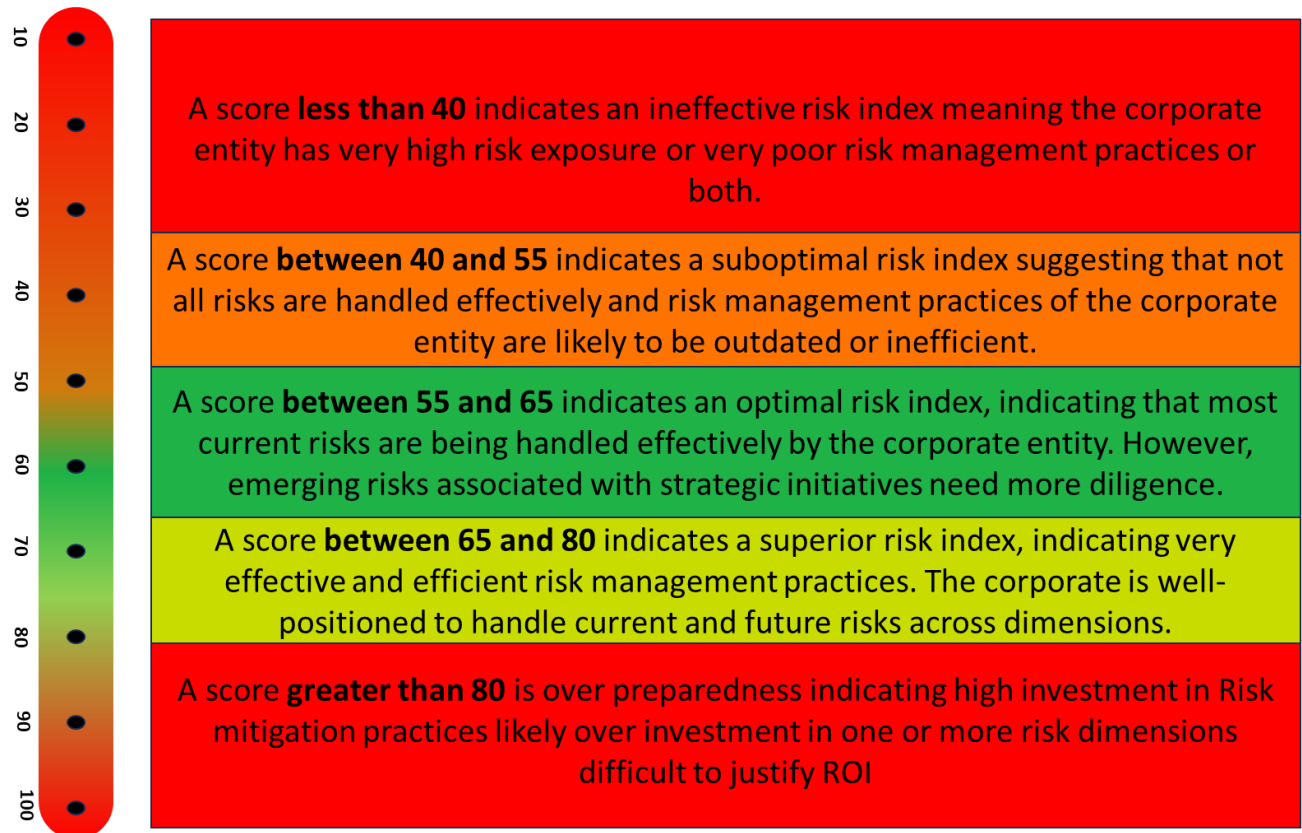
Let's look at the risk management scale.



c. ICICI Lombard Corporate Risk Index – Scale

Risk Index: Risk Index is a measurement tool to gauge the level of Risk Exposure against Risk Preparedness. The score intends to give companies/Sector/Country access to an extensive and quantifiable metrics of risk management.

Let's look at the risk Index scale.



India - Emerging Superpower with Optimized Corporate Risk Handling

In 2023, India witnessed a number of developments in various sectors, reflecting changes in consumer preferences, technological advances and regulatory trends. These developments shaped the industry and affected strategic decisions among industry players.

Electric vehicles (EVs) gained traction across sectors, driving investments in infrastructure and incentivized by government policies promoting electric mobility. The Automotive industry witnessed a surge in demand for EVs, while Logistics & Transportation embraced electric fleets to reduce carbon emissions and operational costs. Digital transformation accelerated across sectors, fueled by the COVID-19 pandemic. Telemedicine, online banking, and remote work solutions proliferated in Healthcare, BFSI, and IT/ITES sectors, enhancing operational efficiency and customer experiences.

In 2023, sustainability took center stage as sectors across India embraced eco-friendly practices. The Energy sector witnessed a shift towards renewable energy sources, with significant investments in solar and wind power. Industries like Manufacturing and FMCG prioritized energy efficiency and waste reduction initiatives. Hospitality and Real Estate sectors focused on green building practices, while Agriculture adopted precision farming techniques to conserve resources.

AI integration surged in 2023, revolutionizing business operations across sectors. Manufacturing companies leveraged AI for predictive maintenance and quality control, enhancing efficiency and reducing costs. Healthcare adopted AI-powered diagnostics and personalized treatment plans, improving patient care. Financial institutions utilized AI for fraud detection and risk assessment, bolstering security and compliance.

Social media emerged as a powerful tool for brand building and customer engagement in 2023. FMCG and Retail sectors capitalized on social media platforms to launch targeted marketing campaigns and drive product sales. Hospitality and Tourism industries utilized social media influencers to enhance brand visibility and customer loyalty. By leveraging social media analytics and customer feedback, companies across sectors tailored their strategies to effectively connect with their target audience and build brand reputation.

The "Make in India" initiative drove significant changes in supply chain operations in 2023. Sectors like Automotive, Manufacturing, and Pharmaceuticals emphasized local sourcing to reduce dependency on imports. Companies diversified their supplier base and optimized logistics networks to mitigate supply chain risks. This strategic shift towards domestic production enhanced resilience and competitiveness across industries.

Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DE&I) initiatives gained momentum in 2023, fostering inclusive workplaces across sectors. Companies in BFSI and IT/ITES led the way with diversity training programs and gender-neutral policies. Healthcare organizations focused on addressing healthcare disparities among marginalized communities. Manufacturing and Retail sectors prioritized inclusive hiring practices to tap into diverse talent pools, driving innovation and employee engagement.

Leadership risks emerged as a critical concern in 2023, prompting sectors to reassess their leadership strategies. Companies in BFSI and Technology faced challenges in adapting to rapid technological advancements and changing market dynamics. Healthcare organizations navigated leadership transitions amidst the COVID-19 pandemic, emphasizing the need for agile and resilient leadership. Strategic investments in leadership development and succession planning became imperative to mitigate leadership risks effectively.

Disruptive technologies like artificial intelligence, blockchain, 5G, and IoT reshaped traditional business models, offering new avenues for innovation and growth in sectors such as Telecom & Communication, Biotech & Life Sciences, and New Age Industries.

The scenario of the Indian economy in 2023 had a myriad of risks and opportunities in various sectors. Cybersecurity emerged as a pervasive risk, affecting industries from banking and finance to healthcare and IT/ITES. With more than 400 million cyber threats detected in nearly 8.5 million locations by 2023, organizations prioritized strong cybersecurity measures. Advanced threat detection systems, encryption protocols and employee training programs were implemented locally to enhance cyber resilience and protect sensitive data.

Another common risk was supply chain disruption, exacerbated by factors such as geopolitical pressures, natural disasters, and semiconductor chip shortages. To mitigate these risks, companies diversified their supplier base, invested in inventory management systems, and adopted agile supply chain practices to enhance resilience and flexibility.

Regulatory uncertainty was rife in industries such as Pharma, Energy, Telecommunications, which required active engagement with regulators. Furthermore, environmental risks emphasized the importance of sustainability and green technologies, renewable energy and waste management practices to reduce environmental impact around us and compliance with legal standards.

Despite the challenges posed by common risks, several sectors emerged as resilient performers in 2023, whose efforts helped us understand the situation in 2023 better. Noteworthy efforts included the "National COVID-19 Vaccination Drive" in healthcare, "Electric Vehicle Adoption Mission" in automotive, and "Green Freight Movement" in logistics. Additionally, initiatives such as the "Make in India Defence" program in aerospace and "Skill India Mission 2.0" in education underscored the nation's commitment to innovation and development.

The Automotive industry in India showed resilience in the face of supply chain disruption and regulatory uncertainty. Focusing on sustainability and innovation, the sector saw an increase in electric vehicle (EV) adoption, with sales reaching Rs 4.22 lakh crore. The Aerospace & Defence sector focused on developing indigenous manufacturing capacity and technology to strengthen national defence by investing Rs 1.5 lakh crore.

In the Healthcare sector, India has invested heavily in digital health solutions and infrastructure to combat the lingering effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. With a total investment of more than Rs 50,000 crore, companies have expanded telemedicine and implemented AI-powered diagnostics to improve patient care.

The Manufacturing sector prioritized digitalization and process optimization to enhance productivity and competitiveness amidst supply chain disruptions and inflationary pressures. Companies invested Rs 1.2 lakh crore in automation technologies and smart manufacturing initiatives to streamline operations and reduce costs. The Logistics & Transportation companies invested Rs 800 crore in blockchain-based traceability systems and cyber security protocols to secure supply chains and protect sensitive data from cyberattacks.

The Hospitality industry adapted to customer preferences and regulatory requirements through new service offerings and customer engagement strategies. With an investment of Rs 0.5 lakh crore, companies also focused on using contactless technology to improve health and safety measures, ensuring that guests have satisfaction and compliance.

The Agricultural & Food Processing sector embraced technological initiatives to increase agricultural productivity and ensure food security in the face of climate change and supply disruptions. With an investment of Rs 1 lakh crore, companies focused on precision farming and farm-to-fork traceability solutions to improve crop yield and quality.

The BFSI sector focused on digital transformation and risk management to address cyber threats and regulatory challenges. Banks and financial institutions invested Rs 2,50,000 crore to implement advanced cyber security measures and fraud detection systems to protect customer data and prevent financial fraud.

The Biotech & Life Sciences sector showcased innovation and resilience amidst regulatory complexities and supply chain disruptions. The Chemicals & Petrochemicals sector navigated environmental regulations and market volatility through sustainable practices and operational excellence initiatives. Digital learning and job training were adopted to meet workforce challenges and enhance productivity in the face of technological disruption and demographic changes in the Education & Skill Development sector.

The Energy sector has shifted towards renewable energy and sustainable development policies to mitigate the risks of climate change and reduce dependence on fossil fuels. Moreover, with investments of Rs 1.5 lakh crore in smart grid technologies and demand-side management initiatives to optimize energy consumption and reduce emissions, the sector prioritized grid modernization and energy efficiency.

The IT ITES sector continued to drive digital transformation and innovation to address cybersecurity threats and meet evolving customer demands. With investments of Rs 4 lakh crore, companies focused on cloud computing and cybersecurity solutions to protect data and ensure business continuity.

The Metals & Mining sector focused on sustainable practices and community engagement to address environmental concerns and social risks associated with resource extraction. With investments of over Rs 0.8 lakh crore, companies implemented reclamation and rehabilitation projects to restore mined areas and promote biodiversity conservation.

The New Age sector, comprising startups and technology companies, showcased innovation and resilience amidst market uncertainties and funding challenges. Additionally, the sector prioritized talent acquisition and retention, with investments of Rs 0.5 lakh crore in employee benefits and workplace diversity initiatives to attract top talent and foster a culture of innovation.

The Telecommunication sector continued to expand connectivity and digital infrastructure to meet growing demand for broadband services and IoT applications. With investments of over Rs 2 lakh crore, companies deployed 5G networks and fiber-optic cables to enhance network capacity and speed.

In summary, India's diverse sectors demonstrated resilience and innovation in navigating through a challenging operating environment in 2023. As India continues its journey towards economic prosperity, proactive risk management and innovation will remain critical drivers of success across diverse sectors.

India Showcasing an Optimized Risk Handling



Figure 2: Corporate India Risk Index 2023

A score of 64 on the Corporate Risk Index indicates optimal handling of risk by the Indian companies. However, to enter the superior risk handling territory, the Indian companies have scope to improve upon their risk management practices in the areas of crime & security risks and strategic risks. It was observed across sectors that there is an increased focus on cybersecurity and other technological risks.

In the sectorial analysis of risk exposure, it was found that companies were most affected by market & economy and operational & physical risks due to inflation, global volatility and geopolitical events like the Red Sea crisis, Israel Palestine conflict and Russia Ukraine War.

Another common risk was supply chain disruption, exacerbated by factors such as geopolitical pressures, natural disasters, and inflation. To mitigate these risks, companies diversified their supplier base, invested in inventory management systems, focused on localization and adopted agile supply chain practices to enhance resilience and flexibility.

It was observed that risk management is getting an increased focus in the growth strategy of every organization with companies having dedicated risk teams to manage their risk exposure. All the organizations fell either into 'Superior Risk Management' or 'Optimal Risk Management' category indicating good risk management practices.

Below is a broader categorization of sectors in terms of risk index:

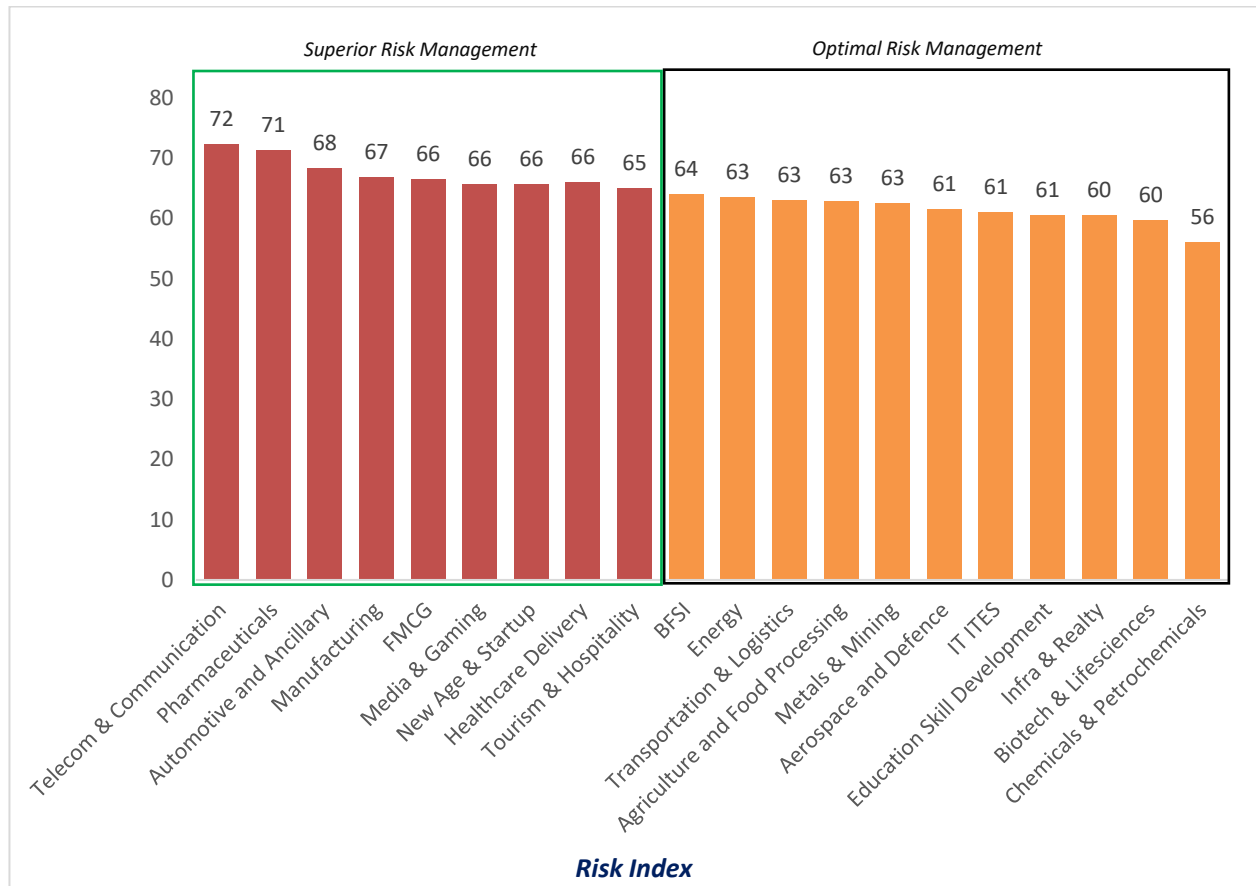


Figure 3: Corporate India Risk Index 2023 Sector Score

Superior Risk Index

Superior risk handling was found in nine industrial sectors: Telecom & Communication, Pharmaceuticals, Healthcare Delivery, Automotive & Ancillary, Manufacturing, FMCG, Media & Gaming, New Age & Startups and Tourism & Hospitality.

Optimal Risk Index

Optimal risk handling was found in 11 industrial sectors: BFSI, Energy, Transportation & Logistics, Agriculture & Food processing, Metals & Mining, Aerospace & Defence, IT ITES, Education & Skill Development, Infrastructure & Realty, Biotech & Lifesciences and Chemicals & Petrochemicals.

Automotive & Ancillary Sectorial Highlights 2023

Due to its significant contribution to both macroeconomic growth and technological innovation, the Indian automobile industry has historically served as a reliable gauge of the state of the economy. Due in large part to the youthful age of the Indian population and the country's expanding middle class, the two-wheeler segment leads the market in terms of volume. The sector's expansion was also supported by businesses' increasing interest in investigating rural markets. The need for commercial vehicles is growing because of the expanding passenger transport and logistics sectors. It is projected that emerging trends, such as the electrification of automobiles—especially three-wheelers and compact passenger cars—will propel market expansion in the future.

In 2023, the Indian automotive industry experienced a remarkable surge in car sales and overall growth. The sector was poised to achieve a milestone of 4.22 million units sold, reflecting a robust performance throughout the year. The demand for luxury cars doubled, indicating a shift towards higher-end vehicles within the market. Additionally, the electric vehicle (EV) segment saw substantial growth, with a 50% increase in demand, showcasing a rising interest in sustainable mobility solutions. The automotive and ancillary sector significantly contributes to India's GDP, with the industry valued at Rs 4.5 lakh crore in 2023. The industry's performance in terms of sales was robust, with a total of 2.22 million units produced in November 2023, reflecting strong domestic demand and market resilience. In FY23, total automobile exports from India stood at 47,61,487 units as per India brand equity foundation. This sector's share of the national GDP increased from 2.77% in 1992-1993 to around 7.1% presently. It employs about 19 million people directly and indirectly.

The year 2023 was marked by significant leadership transitions and strategic appointments within the Indian automotive industry. Several key figures assumed new roles, setting the stage for transformative changes in the sector.

Mergers and acquisitions (M&A) activity in the Indian automotive industry surged in 2023, with 13 deals announced in the fourth quarter alone, amounting to a total value of \$104 million. The acquisition of a transmission player by an Indian conglomerate stood out as the largest disclosed deal, underscoring the dynamic nature of the industry and the strategic moves being made by key players to strengthen their positions.

India's automotive industry continued to show promising growth prospects in 2023, driven by factors such as rising demand, increasing investments, and policy support. The country's automotive sector received a cumulative equity foreign direct investment (FDI) inflow of approximately INR 295.24 Crores between April 2000 and September 2023, highlighting the attractiveness of the market to foreign investors. The focus on electric vehicles to reduce emissions gained momentum, with the Indian government committing that 30% of new vehicle sales by 2030 would be electric.

The Indian government's initiatives, such as the Automotive Mission Plan 2016-26 and the extension of the Faster Adoption and Manufacturing of Hybrid and Electric Vehicles (FAME) Scheme, underscored the commitment to fostering growth and innovation in the automotive sector. These policy measures aimed to incentivize the adoption of electric and autonomous vehicles, aligning with global trends towards sustainable mobility solutions.

The automotive sector depends on several things, including solid R&D centres, affordable steel manufacturing, and the availability of a competent workforce at a reasonable cost. Both skilled and unskilled labour can find direct and indirect employment in this business, as well as excellent investment opportunities. By 2030, the electric car sector is projected to generate five crore new jobs. By 2023, the Indian government anticipates that the automotive industry will draw \$8–10 billion in domestic and foreign investments. By 2030, India may lead the world in shared transportation, opening doors for electric and driverless vehicles.

Automotive & Ancillary Risk Index 2023 Vs 2022

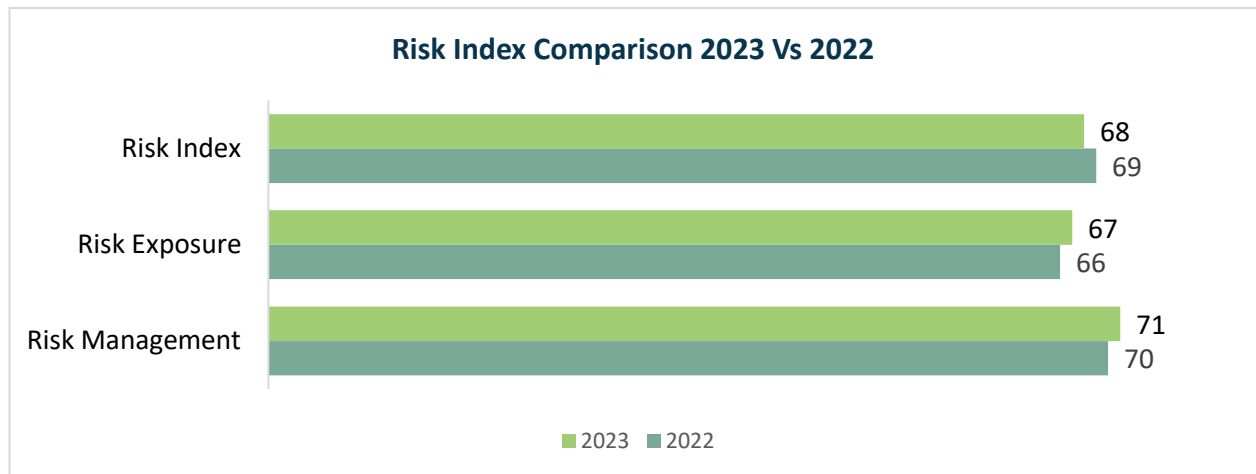


Figure 4: Comparative Analysis 2023 Vs. 2022

Automotive & Ancillary Risk Index 2023 Vs 2022

The risk index for Indian automotive and ancillary sector has been slightly reduced from 69 in 2022 to 68 in 2023 as 2023 witnessed a revival in the automotive value chain and ecosystem. The year saw a steady growth in the number of units sold.

The reduction in the risk index for the Indian automotive and ancillary sector in 2023 can be attributed to the country's economic growth, the growth of the auto component industry, the implementation of the BNCAP, the focus on promoting EVs, the PLI schemes for the automotive sector and revamped risk management practices. These factors have created a more favorable and stable environment for the automotive industry, leading to lower risk and higher growth potential.

Automotive & Ancillary Risk Exposure 2023 Vs 2022

The risk exposure for the Automobile sector has slightly slipped from 67 in 2022 to 66 in 2023. This can be attributed to a combination of favorable government policies, increased exports, a growing domestic market, the rise of the EV industry, and proactive risk management strategies.

Automotive & Ancillary Risk Management 2023 Vs 2022

Risk Management score climbed a step in the year from 70 in 2022 to 71 in 2023. This slight increase in risk management in the Indian Automotive and Ancillary sector in 2023 compared to 2022 can be attributed to various factors, including rising prices of raw materials, the increasing adoption of electric vehicles, tax and regulatory risks, and procurement risks. Companies in the sector are responding to these risks by investing in emerging technology, diversifying their product offerings, and continuously monitoring the performance of their suppliers.

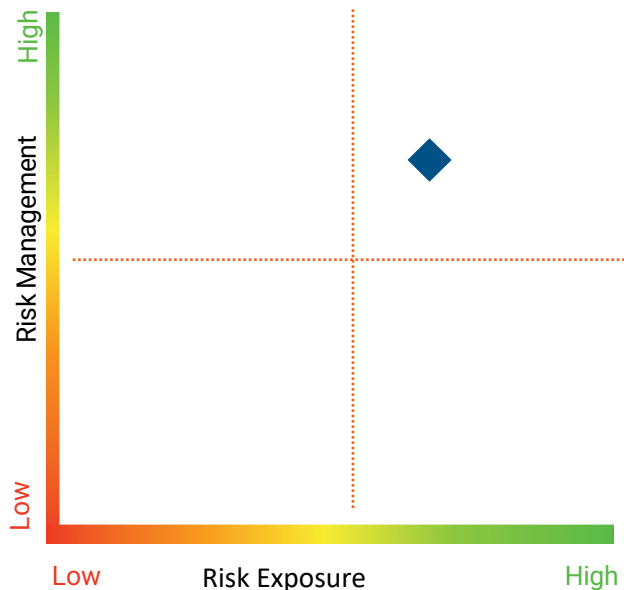
Key Highlights



Risk Dimension Analysis: Market and Economy

Risk Exposure Score: 70

Risk Management Score: 71



Inflation

- The Consumer Food Price Index (CFPI) showed a year-on-year inflation rate of as high as 8.70% - triggering a rippling effect with higher overhead costs including labor, fuel, transport and insurance.
- As per statistics, the Wholesale Price Index of motor vehicles across India during financial year 2023 was 126. This price index value increased by about 26 percent from the base financial year of 2012.
- This has made it difficult for automobile players to control input costs and maintain profit margins. The situation was further aggravated by semiconductor chip shortage which led to delays in manufacturing and further stressing the financial position of automobile players.

Taxation

- There were discussions about imposing additional taxes on diesel vehicles, with warnings from the Indian government to automakers to shift away from diesel towards electric vehicles to combat pollution.
- There have been proposals to cut the tax rate on imported cars to 30% as part of a trade deal with the UK. Additionally, there is a proposal to increase customs duties for semi-knocked down (SKDs) and completely built-up (CBU) cars, which could impact sales.
- The budget did not address the industry's demand for a uniform GST of 18% on all automotive components, which remains a concern for the sector.
- The government's push towards electric vehicles, with targets for EVs to make up 30% of total car sales by 2030, poses a challenge for traditional vehicle manufacturers and the transition to cleaner technologies.

Regulatory Risks

- The regulatory landscape in India included mandates such as the Bharat New Car Assessment Programme (BNCAP) for crash testing vehicles, which aimed to enhance road safety by ensuring vehicles meet minimum safety standards through rigorous crash tests.
- The implementation of Bharat Stage VI (BS-VI) emission norms posed challenges for automakers, requiring compliance with stringent emission limits to reduce harmful pollutants emitted by vehicles like nitrogen oxides, particulate matter, and hydrocarbons.

Foreign Exchange Rates

- In 2023, the oil crisis, decreased global demand, and ongoing supply chain disruptions would still pose a threat to the automotive sector. These elements increased the danger of foreign exchange, which affected both industries.

Geopolitical Risks

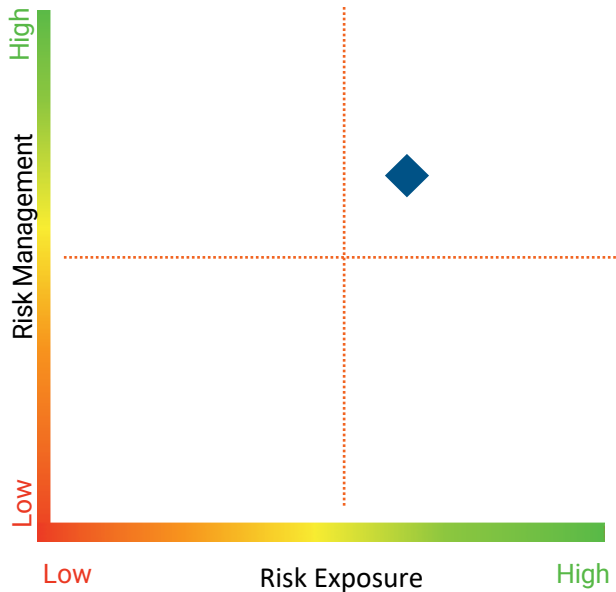
- These risks included monetary and geopolitical crises in overseas markets, leading to a 21% decline in automobile exports from India as per Society of Indian Automobile manufacturers. The uncertainties arising from geopolitical events disrupted the automotive supply chain globally, affecting automakers' ability to meet pent-up demand due to low inventories and inadequate supply of components.
- The conflict between Russia and Ukraine further destabilized the supply chain equilibrium, impacting the availability of critical commodities like Palladium, Nickel, and Neon gas, essential for automotive manufacturing.
- Additionally, challenges such as availability of foreign exchange in regions where two and three-wheelers are sold kept the demand subdued, affecting exports in these segments.
- There was already a huge shortage of semiconductors across the globe and after Russia's invasion of Ukraine, the situation worsened as Russia is a key supplier of essential raw materials used in manufacturing semiconductor chips.



Risk Dimension Analysis: Technology

Risk Exposure Score: 71

Risk Management Score: 76



Disruptive Technology

- The rising penetration of EVs, especially in two-wheelers and passenger vehicles, created opportunities for ancillary makers but also posed risks of commoditization.
- The entry barrier for manufacturers to tap into the EV market was decreasing, potentially impacting profitability as competition increased in the space
- Businesses operating at the higher end of margin levels faced risks related to fluctuating cash flows and margins in the automobile and ancillary sectors.
- Apart from conventional technology, there is an increasing focus on self-driving cars - which is seen as the next big trend in the automobile sector.

Intellectual property

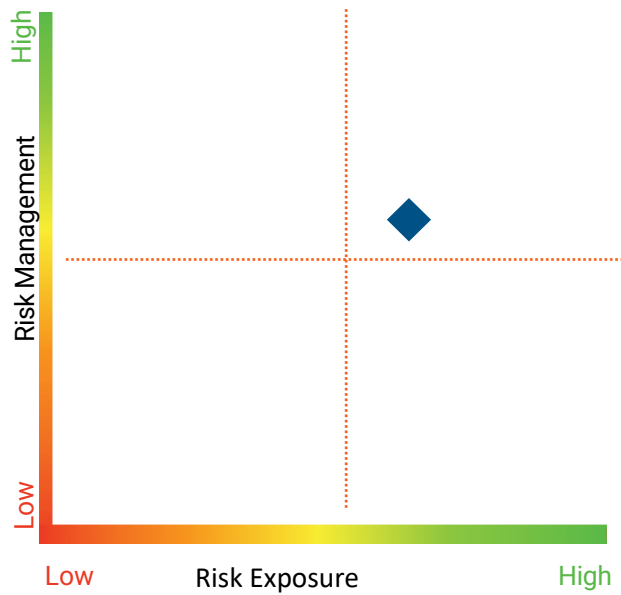
- The industry's focus has shifted from traditional safety features like airbags to smarter inventions, necessitating a significant role for IP in ensuring secure evolution of vehicles.
- The legal implications of AI-generated works, especially in inventions, remain ambiguous, necessitating a clearer stance on ownership and recognition of AI-generated innovations within the industry.
- Compared to the US and European auto industries, India lags in IP incorporation, highlighting the importance of identifying, recording, and registering IP to drive growth and innovation.



Risk Dimension Analysis: Operational and Physical

Risk Exposure Score: 66

Risk Management Score: 71



Supply Chain Risk

- In prior years, the automotive industry enjoyed unparalleled pricing power and profits on new cars.
- But in 2023, worries about a cautious market recovery were sparked by persistent supply chain issues and concerns about a potential recession.
- To draw customers, automakers may need to lower prices, which could mean forgoing earnings. This could influence their financial performance.

Commodity Price Risk

- Metal prices have cooled off for the car industry, which has influenced both industries' production costs.
- The pricing of cars and component parts are affected by this change in metal prices, which could have an impact on the profitability and competitiveness of businesses in the automotive and ancillary sectors.

Environmental Risk

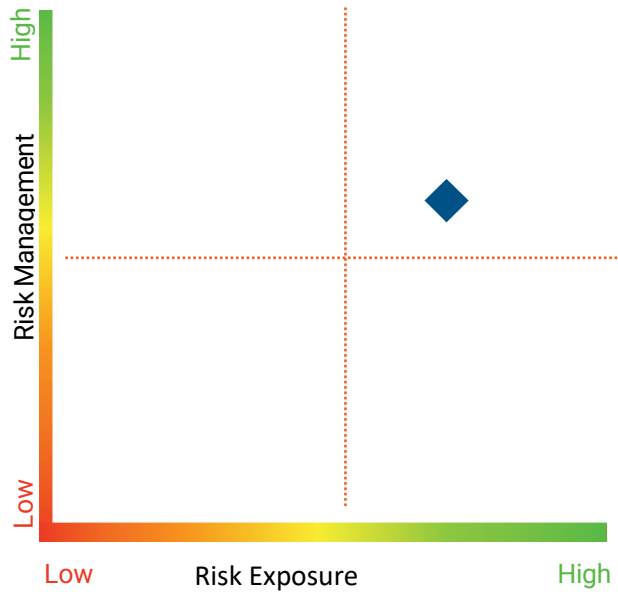
- The major environmental risks faced by the Indian automotive sector in 2023 include significant energy-related CO2 emissions, air pollution, and the rapid expansion of the vehicle fleet. Road transport in India contributes to 12% of the country's energy-related CO2 emissions and is a significant source of air pollution.
- The types of vehicles sold are rapidly changing, with SUVs accounting for over 40% of all sales in 2023, compared to just 16% in 2015. While India is making progress in electrifying its three and two-wheeler market, accelerating electric vehicle uptake for passenger cars remains crucial
- Automakers in India need to focus not only on curbing tailpipe emissions but also on addressing emissions originating from the supply chain, materials, and production processes. Neglecting lifecycle energy consumption for zero-emission vehicles (ZEVs) could lead to unchecked emissions, emphasizing the importance of a holistic approach to decarbonization.



Risk Dimension Analysis: Crime & Security

Risk Exposure Score: 64

Risk Management Score: 65



Cyber-crimes

- The country has experienced a surge in cyber threats, with over 400 million cyber threats detected across approximately 8.5 million endpoints in 2023, averaging 761 detections per minute. This increase in state-sponsored cyberattacks against India by 278% between 2021 and September 2023 poses a serious threat to various sectors, including the automobile industry.
- Distributed denial-of-service attacks are a significant threat to the automotive industry, aiming to disable web servers and prevent access to essential resources. These attacks can be opportunistic or targeted, posing a risk to companies' online presence and operations.

- The interconnected nature of modern vehicles, with numerous onboard systems and external connections, creates a vast attack surface for cybercriminals, necessitating a proactive approach to cybersecurity to mitigate risks effectively.

Counterfeiting Risk

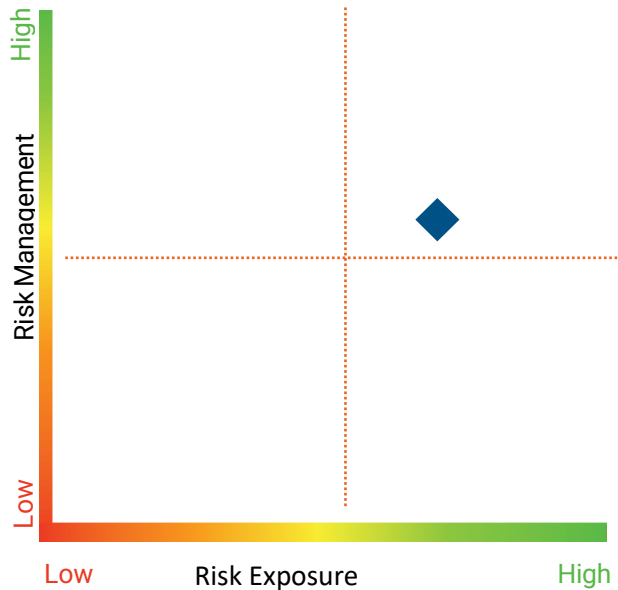
- Proliferation of fake auto parts leading to road accidents, revenue loss for the government and manufacturers, and compromised safety for consumers. Counterfeit auto parts warehouses in Indian cities stock easily counterfeitable motorbike, automobile, accessory, and clutch parts, contributing to approximately 20% of road accidents in India.
- The government lost Rs 2,200 crore in revenue due to counterfeit auto components, impacting the automotive sector significantly.



Risk Dimension Analysis: Natural Hazard & Event

Risk Exposure Score: 62

Risk Management Score: 70



Natural Hazard Risk

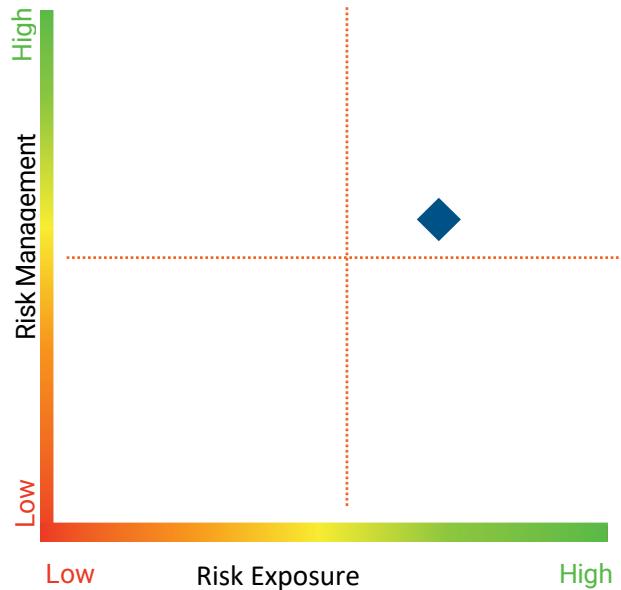
- Natural disasters such as floods, cyclones, landslides, heatwaves or earthquakes pose a threat to manufacturing plants and supply chains, leading to production halts and financial losses.
- The inundation of industrial estates and key manufacturing hubs due to natural disasters can lead to equipment damage, logistical challenges, and delays in resuming operations, impacting the overall productivity and profitability of Indian automotive companies



Risk Dimension Analysis: Strategic Risk

Risk Exposure Score: 65

Risk Management Score: 70



Increased number of recalls and quality audits

- Specifically, in 2023, Indian car and two-wheeler OEMs recalled a total of 284,906 vehicles. The recalls in 2023 included various renowned manufacturers.
- This recall exercise has become popular among automobile players post the launch of SIAM's Code of Voluntary Recall in 2012.

Resource scarcity

- The industry has been impacted by disruptions in the supply chain due to factors like the chip shortage, which has affected global auto production.
- Additionally, the Russia-Ukraine crisis has led to supply chain bottlenecks, especially in the availability of raw materials like nickel and lithium essential for electric vehicle batteries.

Public Sentiment Risk

- The 2023 Global Automotive Consumer Study by Deloitte reveals that consumers in India and other markets are showing interest in EV adoption, but concerns about price, driving range, and charging time remain.
- The India Automotive Manufacturing Policy Impact Analysis Report emphasizes the economic impact of India's automotive manufacturing policy, particularly the Production Linked Incentive scheme (PLI), which aims to generate output and jobs in the automotive industry but faces challenges related to supply chain diversification and sustainability push

ICICI LOMBARD: Key Solution Offerings



Property

Evaluation of various risks to understand areas for improvement, such as fire preparedness, electrical safety, safety & emergency preparedness, maintenance and house-keeping, etc. By evaluating risks, we can identify potential hazards and advise on mitigating risks.

- **Property Loss Prevention:** We believe users should carry out detail risk visit followed by benchmarking of the industry good practices (Industry Risk Profiling). For instance, industries such as chemicals & petrochemicals impose a major challenge in manufacturing due to inherent risk. We recommend solutions for “Low Focus - High Loss Areas. This can help in minimizing severity losses. All the risk recommendations are grouped into four different segments based on cost-impact matrix and the priority is decided accordingly. Key decision makers at user’s end can ensure to get recommendations implemented.
- **Comprehensive Risk Assessment (CRA):** A Comprehensive Risk Assessment is a systematic approach to electrical safety specially designed for industries to evaluate potential hazards and recommend improvements, coupled with savings. It is an important tool for identifying risks, severity of hazards and avoid incidents arising out of electrical faults.
- **Electrical Risk Assessment (ERA):** An Electrical Risk Assessment is a basic solutions focused towards electrical safety designed to evaluate potential hazards and recommend improvements. Majority of fires in India are caused due to electrical installations. Ensuring safety of electrical installations of industrial unit or organization is critical to reduce risk and ensure safety compliance with Safety Standards and Regulation. ERA is an important tool which have 6 inbuilt activities such as Electrical Audit & Thermography built in with other such solutions.
- **Fire Hydrant IoT:** Fire hydrant monitoring is an automated solution that monitors key parameters such as Hydrant and Sprinkler line pressure, Main and Jockey pump on-off status. These can be interpreted to provide intelligence on unauthorized usage of water and leakage. This information pertaining to breach of above mentioned parameters is notified through dashboard & email alerts. Monitoring of such system is essential as these fire fighting systems are lifeline during any emergency.
- **Temperature & Humidity IoT:** Provides end to end plug & play ambient temperature and humidity monitoring Solution to manage temperature and humidity-controlled environment more efficiently. It generates - Automated reports (historical trends for different locations etc.). Intelligent Alerts - SMS & emails is sent to the concerned (one or multiple) stakeholders in case any anomaly.
- **Electrical IoT:** Electrical IoT is a patented solution (ILGIC Patented Solution) to avoid any instances of short circuiting due to abnormal voltage & current conditions. These are mainly built for application in warehouses. This solution has been created as these locations are having huge stocks with lesser manpower during emergencies mainly during non-business hours. The device automatically cuts off power in case of abnormality & restarts back when situation is normal.

- **Ultrasound technology for Gas Leak Detection:** Use of ultrasound technology for leak detection in process lines. The methodology recommends a non-destructive way of avoiding losses with no downtime. The main objective is to identify the leakages in all pressurized systems including pipelines by using ultrasound technology and tag them for rectification. It also includes listing leaks with individual CFM losses and cost savings possible. The outcome of the exercise will help the plant maintenance team to rectify the leaks and reduce the energy cost. This will also improve the process parameters and production quality.
- **Fire Mitigation Solutions:** Solutions have been designed based on their specific needs, keeping in mind the level of awareness and complexity of the location. These best in class solutions which are installed at correct places by risk assessors.
- **Renewable Solutions:** In line with our philosophy for recommending business solutions, we recommend advise on efficiency measurements for wind and solar power generating assets. Drones are used to provide high accuracy and the quick reach which is not possible through any traditional methodology. User get to know about the low performing module and ways to improve the same within the entire solar plant with latlong identification. We recommend advanced drone-based technology for inspection of wind turbines and solar PV modules.



Marine

In the dynamic realm of marine insurance, cargo faces a myriad of risks, from unpredictable weather conditions to unforeseen accidents, safeguarding against potential challenges at sea is paramount.

- **MLCE (Marine loss control engineering):** Frequent occurring losses due to Peril such as accident, wet damage, theft, non-delivery, pilferage, hijack of consignments, mishandling shall be examined with ground inspections, root cause analysis with MIS, claim assessment reports.
- **Technical engagements:** Uncertainty of the risk associated with the transit can be concluded with marine experts. Risk assessment of cargo from packing, handling, lifting, securing, transit and final delivery methodology shall be discussed with the logistics team. Vessel selection, stowage and securing methods can be jointly discussed with the User's logistics team for a safe transit, dispatch and delivery coverage after assessing the risk on desktop with a virtual or F2F engagement and / or a ground visit.
- **Transit Telematics:** With the government's constant agenda of upgrading to digitalized operations by introducing ULIP and NITI Aayog mode of operations, not having a visibility of transit will hamper your logistics operations. IOT and SAAS based products incorporating the design of a cost efficiency and loss mitigation system can help enhance delivery with safe operation. Additionally, a 24*7 risk control station and detailed post hijack recovery case studies is recommended to effectively monitor and mitigate theft / pilferage prone dispatches and ensure a safe transit delivery. Be it a temperature-controlled cargo, expensive cargo in transit or liquid bulk cargo in lorry tankers, it is essential to mitigate the risk and losses that might occur due to accidents caused by fatigue, unexplained conditions, or theft.



Liability

The growing adoption of technology in organizations has not only led to crucial data being stored and processed on digital platforms but also facilitated the automation of operations, thereby enhancing business efficiency. However, this shift also amplifies cyber risk, exposing sensitive information to potential threats and rendering organizations vulnerable to financial losses, reputational damage, and legal liabilities. As organizations delve deeper into the digital realm, fortifying cybersecurity measures becomes imperative to safeguard operational integrity and protect critical data from unauthorized access or breaches.

- **Phishing Simulation:** Experience cutting-edge phishing simulation tests to fortify your organization's defenses against cyber threats. You can enable phishing attack simulations to educate your employees on identifying and handling potential risks. Through engaging and interactive scenarios, you can raise awareness and equip your team with the necessary skills to detect and thwart phishing attempts.
- **Awareness Campaigns:** With Cyber Awareness Campaigns, you can go beyond just educating organizations about cybersecurity. The campaigns are meticulously designed to empower your team with essential best practices, insights into global incident trends and a comprehensive understanding of potential risks. Interactive designs help you captivate and engage your employees, fostering a cyber-aware culture within your organization. Customized campaigns can perfectly align with your unique needs and requirements and stay informed and vigilant.
- **Incident Response and Readiness:** A bespoke service that fortifies organizations with robust processes and clear communication channels for proficient cyber-incident management. This recommendation not only trims down the incident response time but also facilitates prompt, accurate action within the crucial initial hours. By meticulously assessing your organization's incident response policies and sculpting response systems in alignment with global industry benchmarks, this ensures you are thoroughly prepared to tackle the evolving digital threat landscape.
- **CXO's Session:** CXO's Session service provides immersive training sessions, personalized coaching & interactive discussions to empower your CXOs with cybersecurity knowledge that aligns with your business objectives. The subject matter experts recommend strategic guidance and in-depth insights into the ever-evolving threat landscape, translating technical jargon into practical language. Regular cybersecurity forums facilitate peer-to-peer learning and benchmarking against industry standards. CXO- focused approach ensures a cyber-aware leadership team that drives your organization's success securely into the future.
- **Weekly Threat Intelligence Bulletin:** Stay ahead of cyber threats with the Weekly Threat Intelligence Bulletin. We meticulously curate this comprehensive bulletin, providing timely insights on emerging threats, vulnerabilities, and attack trends. Delivered directly to your inbox, it recommends proactive advantage by promptly identifying potential risks. With continuous updates and ongoing support, you can confidently adapt your Defence strategies to combat the most sophisticated threats. It enables you to make informed decisions and protect your organization from emerging threats with Weekly Threat Intelligence Bulletin.

- **Email Security:** Safeguard your organization's communication channels with the Email Security solutions. We recommend robust measures to protect against phishing, malware & other email-borne threats. The advanced email filtering and authentication technologies prevent malicious emails from reaching your users inbox. Implementing encryption protocols to ensure the confidentiality of sensitive data in transit is a good idea. With real-time monitoring and threat intelligence, email security measures provide proactive Defence, detecting and blocking suspicious activities promptly. You can protect your organization's reputation and sensitive information with comprehensive Email Security measures, ensuring a secure and reliable email environment.
- **Agent-less Patching:** Agent-less patching platform for companies and MSMEs who want a rapid solution to distribute critical security updates and vulnerability fixes without causing system downtime. The patching platform not only assists with patch deployment, but it also enables your system administrator in understanding the patches, Adjustments & impact of the patches on the system. Before applying the patch, the software generates a warning if the system requires downtime or a reboot. You can experience a hassle-free patching process with the platform recommending enhanced security for your organization.
- **EDR/MDR Services:** Elevate your organization's cybersecurity capabilities with the Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR) and Managed Detection and Response (MDR) services. These advanced solutions provide continuous monitoring, rapid threat detection & effective incident response, safeguarding your digital assets in real-time. With EDR, proactively detect and respond to threats at the endpoint level, while MDR service offers 24/7 monitoring and expert support. You can strengthen defenses against the most sophisticated cyber-attacks with EDR/MDR services, ensuring a resilient and secure digital environment.
- **All-in-one Operating System:** All-in-One Operating System is a true game-changing platform that provides a fortified desktop environment to foster secure collaboration and centrally managed cybersecurity resilience. Inbuilt endpoint security serves as a vigilant guard, blocking potential dangers. Effortless IT management provides with a user-friendly interface, leading to significant cost savings in IT infrastructure. It provides in-built end-point security, automated updates and patches along with extensive device reports. Organizations can unlock a secure and prosperous future by embracing the All-in-One Operating System in their IT infrastructure.
- **Cyber Risk Management & Compliance Dashboard:** Gain a clear understanding of your organization's cyber risk exposure with Cyber Risk Management & Compliance Dashboard. This powerful tool assesses your risk posture, quantifies potential financial Impact & evaluates compliance with industry standards and regulations. Armed with this information you can make informed decisions to prioritize cybersecurity investments and ensure compliance with relevant laws and regulations. The intuitive dashboard provides a comprehensive view of your cybersecurity performance enabling data-driven decision-making. This solution enables organizations to stay ahead of threats and ensure a resilient cybersecurity posture.
- **Security Score Card:** Track your organization's cybersecurity performance with a dynamic Security Score Card solution. This comprehensive rating provides a clear overview of your security posture, highlighting areas that require attention and improvement. It empowers data-driven decisions, allowing you to focus on strengthening key areas. Identify potential risks and compliance gaps with industry standards and regulations. With actionable insights, you can prioritize cybersecurity investments effectively, ensuring a robust and resilient Defence against cyber threats. This Security

Score Card solution can be your strategic tool to proactively elevate your cybersecurity posture.

- **VAPT:** Enhance your organization's cybersecurity defenses with the Vulnerability Assessment and Penetration Testing (VAPT) service. Skilled professionals conduct rigorous assessments, simulating real-world attacks to identify potential vulnerabilities in your digital infrastructure. With detailed insights, you can fortify your defenses and proactively address weak points before malicious actors exploit them. This service goes beyond identifying vulnerabilities, you also get actionable recommendations to mitigate risks effectively. Organizations can be one step ahead of cyber threats, ensuring the security and resilience of your critical assets with the comprehensive VAPT service.

Engineering

In engineering risk management, it's vital to adopt a holistic approach that extends beyond immediate concerns to proactively tackle potential risks and uncertainties. Drawing upon considerable expertise in claims handling and risk evaluation, a robust and customized protection strategy can be ensured. Construction endeavors face a myriad of risks such as floods, cyclones, impact damage, fires, theft, and collapse. However, the adverse effects of these risks can be mitigated through the implementation of extensive loss prevention measures specifically tailored for engineering projects.

- **Engineering Loss Prevention Exercise (ELP):** To effectively manage losses in Engineering Risk, fostering a culture of loss prevention is crucial. It's widely acknowledged that each construction project is distinct, presenting specific challenges related to geography, geology, occupancy, and construction methodology, which in turn result in unique associated risks. To cater this challenge a specific risk management framework which deals about the unique requirement of each project could be created for the loss minimization with reference to some parameters of distinctive research and industries best practices.
- **Drone Solutions:** In recent years, the construction industry has undergone significant changes due to the introduction of drone-based construction solutions. These cutting-edge technologies are transforming the planning, design, and execution of construction projects. A major benefit of drone technology in construction is its capacity to conduct aerial surveys, providing extensive coverage and detail. Drones, equipped with advanced cameras and sensors, can rapidly capture precise images and data, offering project managers valuable insights into site conditions. This data can facilitate project planning, cost estimation and design optimization by providing a comprehensive understanding of the project's parameters.
- **CPM - Fleet & Fuel Management:** An advanced GPS-equipped sensor is available to precisely measure direct fuel consumption, evaluate engine efficiency, and detect potential tampering of diesel engines in both mobile vehicles and stationary machinery. This solution enables real-time alerts for service reminders and critical health issues, facilitating prompt resolutions and enhanced utilization. Additionally, it offers valuable insights into machinery and equipment performance through comprehensive analyses, resulting in optimized inventory usage and increased efficiency.



Health

We highly recommend exploring proactive and preventive healthcare solutions, which can make a significant difference in maintaining good health. Recognizing that majority of in-patient department (IPD) admissions could be prevented with timely interventions and regular healthcare, it is important to focus on health, not just during illness.

- **Pioneering Digital Platform:** We recommend exploring digital health innovations offered by industry leaders, which provide cutting edge health solutions through the IL TakeCare (ILTC) app. Our platform has transformed the way health services are delivered by introducing a fully digital and cashless Outpatient Department (OPD) and Wellness Program.
- **Health Advisory Services:** We recommend a suite of health advisory services on the IL TakeCare app. Users can access health risk assessments, diet and exercise trackers, health parameter tracking and trends and sleep, meditation & hydration reminders. In addition, the platform recommends a feature to upload health records up to 1GB, and provides informative health blogs.
- **IL TakeCare App:** IL TakeCare app is a One-Stop-Solution for users with insurance needs. This robust user engagement is a testament to the high-value features that the app provides. Unique to the app is the innovative self-health assessment feature, which includes Face scan technology that can measure blood pressure, heart rate, cardiac variance, and SpO2 levels. The platform provides seamless teleconsultations with medical practitioners and specialists, and even recommends access to mental wellness experts to the insured. The facility for cashless OPD services and the efficient claim settlement process further enhance user experience. By encapsulating a wide range of state-of-the-art health services and solutions, the IL TakeCare platform revolutionizes corporate health management and serves as a comprehensive digital health solution.



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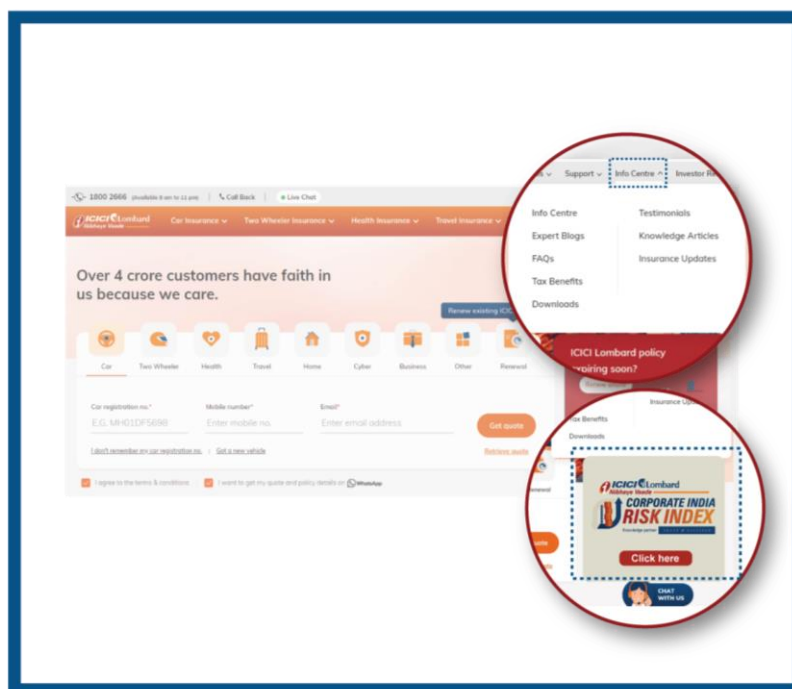
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