

ICICI LOMBARD GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

Policy for determining material event/information for disclosure to stock exchanges

I. Background

Regulation 30 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended from time to time) (hereinafter referred to as “Listing Regulations”), requires ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Limited (“the Company”) to frame a policy for determination of materiality for disclosure of events or information to Stock Exchanges, based on the criteria specified in the Listing Regulations. Accordingly, the Company has put in place a Policy for determining material event/information for disclosure to stock exchanges.

II. Scope of the Policy

The Policy will be applicable to all the events or information which fall under the criteria as specified under the section relating to “Disclosure of events or information to Stock Exchanges” and the Listing Regulations as amended from time to time. This Policy shall be read along with the Company’s Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information (Code for Fair Disclosure) framed in adherence to the principles for fair disclosure as outlined in the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 as amended from time to time.

III. Key Managerial Personnel authorized to determine materiality

The Chief Financial Officer or failing him, the Company Secretary will be the authorized Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) to determine the materiality of an event or information and for the purpose of advising on the disclosure to the stock exchanges.

IV. Disclosures of Events or Information to Stock Exchanges

Materiality of an event or information for disclosure shall be determined on a case to case basis depending on specific facts and circumstances relating to the event/information. The Company takes the following criteria(s) into consideration while determining materiality:

- a. the omission of an event or information, which is likely to result in discontinuity or alteration of event or information already available publicly; or

- b. the omission of an event or information is likely to result in significant market reaction if the said omission came to light at a later date or
- c. the omission of an event or information, whose value or the expected impact in terms of value, exceeds the lower of the following:
 - (1) 2% of turnover, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the Company;
 - (2) 2% of net worth, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the Company, except in case the arithmetic value of the net worth is negative;
 - (3) 5% of the average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax, as per the last three audited consolidated financial statements of the Company.

The industry standards Note for material events denoted "Reddendo Singula Singulis," a Latin phrase that translates to "rendering the singular to the singular." for assessing materiality threshold determining the significance of a particular event or transaction.

Applying the principle of Reddendo Singula Singulis (by assigning each one to each one) to the materiality provisions of Listing Regulations, it can be said that since there are separate thresholds of 2% of turnover, 2% of net worth and 5% of average PAT, each of such values can be applied individually and a particular threshold would be relevant and applicable depending on the nature of the event/ information being assessed. For instance, any event which has an impact on the turnover or profits of the Company can be considered material by comparing the value of such event/ information with 2% of the turnover or 5% of the average PAT respectively.

In computing the "expected impact in terms of value" of an event/information, a listed entity should, where applicable, consider the expected impact in the four ensuing quarters (including the quarter in which the event occurs if the event occurs in the first 60 days of the quarter).

- d. In case where the criteria specified in sub-clauses (a), (b) and (c) is not applicable, an event or information may be treated as being material if in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Company, the event or information is considered material.

The events or information as listed in Para A of Part A of Schedule III of the Listing Regulations (reproduced in Annexure A) shall be disclosed by the Company without application of materiality guidelines listed in this Policy.

The events or information which shall be disclosed by the Company to the stock exchange(s) on application of materiality guidelines as listed above is provided in Annexure B. Further, the Company will follow the Industry Standards Note on Regulation 30 or any other circular(s), FAQ(s) issued by SEBI or Stock Exchanges in relation to the Industry Standards Note from time to time, to the extent applicable, for every event / information listed in Annexure A and Annexure B.

Relevant employees shall be guided by this Policy and any such potential event/information, which comes to their knowledge, shall be reported to the authorised KMP for determining the materiality and making the necessary disclosures, if any, to the stock exchange(s).

V. Market Rumour Verification

With effect from December 1, 2024, the Company shall Confirm, Deny or Clarify:

- Upon the Material Price Movement in the Securities of the Company in the manner as specified by the Stock Exchanges;
- Any reported event or information in the mainstream media which is not general in nature and which indicates that rumour of an impending specific event or information is circulating amongst the investing public;
- As soon as reasonably possible but in any case not later than 24 hours from the trigger of material price movement.

If the Company confirms the reported event or information, it shall also provide the current stage of such event or information.

The Company may on its initiative also, confirm, deny or clarify any reported event or information to Stock Exchange(s).

For the purpose of verification of market rumours, the Company shall follow the industry standards note on verification of market rumours, recognised by SEBI Circular dated May 21, 2024 and issued by Industry Standards Forum ("ISF"), under Regulation 30(11) of Listing Regulations, as amended from time to time.

VI. Timelines within which disclosure of events or information shall be filed by the Company with the stock exchanges:

The Company shall first disclose to the stock exchange(s) all events or information which are material in terms of the provisions of Listing Regulations as soon as reasonably possible and in any case not later than the following:

- (i) Thirty minutes from the closure of the meeting of the board of directors in which the decision pertaining to the event or information has been taken:

Provided that in case the meeting of the board of directors closes after normal trading hours of that day but more than three hours before the beginning of the normal trading hours of the next trading day, the Company shall disclose the decision pertaining to the event or information, within three hours from the closure of the board meeting:

Provided further that in case the meeting of the board of directors is being held for more than one day, the financial results shall be disclosed within thirty minutes or three hours, as applicable, from closure of such meeting for the day on which it has been considered.

- (ii) Twelve hours from the occurrence of the event or information, in case the event or information is emanating from within the Company;
- (iii) Twenty-four hours from the occurrence of the event or information, in case the event or information is not emanating from within the Company.

Provided that if all the relevant information, in respect of claims which are made against the Company under any litigation or dispute, other than tax litigation or dispute, in terms of sub-paragraph 8 of paragraph B of Part A of Schedule III, is maintained in the structured digital database of the Company in terms of provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, the disclosure with respect to such claims shall be made to the stock exchange(s) within seventy-two hours of receipt of the notice by the Company.

Explanation: Normal trading hours shall mean time period for which the recognized stock exchanges are open for trading for all investors.

Disclosure with respect to events for which timelines have been specified in Part A of Schedule III of the Listing Regulations shall be made within such timelines. In case the disclosure is made after the timelines specified under this regulation, the Company shall, along with such disclosure provide the explanation for the delay.

VII. Guidance on when an Event/Information is deemed to be occurred

1. The events/information shall be said to have occurred upon approval of Board of the Company in certain events, for example further issue of capital by rights issuance and in certain events/information after receipt of approval of both i.e.

Board of the Company and Shareholders of the Company.

2. Certain events which are price sensitive in nature like declaration of dividends etc. will be deemed to have occurred and disclosed on approval of the Board of the Company pending Shareholder's approval.
3. Events such as natural calamities or disruption can be said to have occurred when the Company becomes aware of the event/information.

VIII. Disclosures on the Company's Website

The Company shall disclose on its website all such events or information which has been disseminated to the Stock Exchanges under this Policy and such disclosures shall be hosted on the website of the Company for a minimum period of five years and thereafter as per the archival process followed by the Company.

IX. Amendments to the Policy

The KMP authorised under this Policy will review the Policy from the perspective of the Listing Regulations and determine the events/information for disclosure as may be amended by the Securities and Exchange Board of India from time to time. All such amendments will be informed to the Board and the approval of the Board will be sought to align the policy in line with the Listing Regulations.

Any subsequent amendment /modification in the Listing Regulations, Act and/or applicable laws in this regard shall automatically apply to this Policy.

Annexure A

The events or information which shall be disclosed by the Company without application of materiality guidelines listed in the Policy (as listed in Para A of Part A of Schedule III of the Listing Regulations):

1. Acquisition(s) (including agreement to acquire), Scheme of Arrangement (amalgamation/ merger/ demerger/restructuring), or sale or disposal of any unit(s), division(s), whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking(s) or subsidiary of the Company (if any), sale of stake in associate company of the Company or any other restructuring.

Explanation (1) - For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, the word 'acquisition' would mean:

- (a) acquiring control, whether directly or indirectly; or
- (b) acquiring or agreement to acquire shares or voting rights in a company whether existing or to be incorporated, whether directly or indirectly, such that:

(i) the Company holds shares or voting rights aggregating to twenty percent or more of the shares or voting rights in the said company; or

(ii) there has been a change in holding from the last disclosure made under sub-clause (a) of clause (ii) of the Explanation to this sub-paragraph and such change exceeds five per cent of the total shareholding or voting rights in the said company; or

(iii) the cost of acquisition or the price at which the shares are acquired exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30:

Provided that acquisition of shares or voting rights aggregating to five percent or more of the shares or voting rights in an unlisted company and any change in holding from the last disclosure made under this proviso exceeding two per cent of the total shareholding or voting rights in the said unlisted company shall be disclosed on a quarterly basis in the format as may be specified.

Explanation (2) - For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, “sale or disposal of subsidiary” and “sale of stake in associate company” shall include-

- (i) an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a company such that the company ceases to be a wholly owned subsidiary, a subsidiary or an associate company of the listed entity; or
- (ii) an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a subsidiary or associate company such that the amount of the sale exceeds the threshold

specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30.

Explanation (3)- For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, “undertaking” and “substantially the whole of the undertaking” shall have the same meaning as given under section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013.

2. Issuance or forfeiture of securities, split or consolidation of shares, buyback of securities, any restriction on transferability of securities or alteration in terms or structure of existing securities including forfeiture, reissue of forfeited securities, alteration of calls, redemption of securities etc.
3. New Rating(s) or Revision in Rating(s).
4. Outcome of meetings of the board of directors: The Company shall intimate to the Exchange(s), the outcome of meetings of the board of directors, held to consider or decide the following:
 - i. dividends recommended or declared or the decision to pass any dividend and the date on which dividend shall be paid/dispatched;
 - ii. any cancellation of dividend with reasons thereof;
 - iii. the decision on buyback of securities;
 - iv. the decision with respect to fund raising proposed to be undertaken including by way of issue of securities (excluding security receipts, securitized debt instruments or money market instruments regulated by the Reserve Bank of India), through further public offer, rights issue, American Depository Receipts/ Global Depository Receipts/ Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds, qualified institutions placement, debt issue, preferential issue or any other method;
 - v. increase in capital by issue of bonus shares through capitalization including the date on which such bonus shares would be credited/dispatched;
 - vi. reissue of forfeited shares or securities, or the issue of shares or securities held in reserve for future issue or the creation in any form or manner of new shares or securities or any other rights, privileges or benefits to subscribe to;
 - vii. short particulars of any other alterations of capital, including calls;
 - viii. financial results;
 - ix. decision on voluntary delisting by the listed entity from stock exchange(s)

The intimation of outcome of meeting of the board of directors shall contain the time of commencement and conclusion of the meeting.

5. Agreements (viz. shareholder agreement(s), joint venture agreement(s) (to the extent that it impacts management and control of the Company), agreement(s)/treaty(ies)/contract(s) with media companies) which are binding and not in normal course of business, revision(s) or amendment(s) and termination(s) thereof.

6. Agreements entered into by the shareholders, promoters, promoter group entities, related parties, directors, key managerial personnel, employees of the Company or its holding, subsidiary or associate company, among themselves or with the Company or with a third party, solely or jointly, which, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the Company or impose any restriction or create any liability upon the Company, shall be disclosed to the Stock Exchanges, including disclosure of any rescission, amendment or alteration of such agreements thereto, whether or not the Company is a party to such agreements:

Provided that such agreements entered into by the Company in the normal course of business shall not be required to be disclosed unless they, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the Company or they are required to be disclosed in terms of any other provisions of these regulations.

Explanation: For the purpose of this clause, the term “directly or indirectly” includes agreements creating obligation on the parties to such agreements to ensure that Company shall or shall not act in a particular manner.

7. Fraud or defaults by the Company, its promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management or subsidiary or arrest of key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or director of the company, whether occurred within India or abroad:

For the purpose of this sub-paragraph:

(i) ‘Fraud’ shall include fraud as defined under Regulation 2(1)(c) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to Securities Market) Regulations, 2003.

(ii) ‘Default’ shall mean non-payment of the interest or principal amount in full on the date when the debt has become due and payable.

Explanation 1- In case of revolving facilities like cash credit, an entity would be considered to be in ‘default’ if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit or drawing power, whichever is lower, for more than thirty days.

Explanation 2- Default by a promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management, subsidiary shall mean default which has or may have an impact on the Company.

Explanation 3 – Fraud by senior management, other than who is promoter, director

or key managerial personnel, shall be required to be disclosed only if it is in relation to the listed entity.

8. Change in directors, key managerial personnel (Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary etc.), senior management, Auditor and Compliance Officer.
9. In case of resignation of the auditor of the Company, detailed reasons for resignation of auditor, as given by the said auditor, shall be disclosed by the Company to the stock exchanges as soon as possible but not later than twenty four hours of receipt of such reasons from the auditor.
10. Resignation of independent director including reasons for resignation: In case of resignation of an independent director of the Company, within seven days from the date of resignation, the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges by the Company:
 - (a) The letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the said director;
 - (b) Names of listed entities in which the resigning director holds directorships, indicating the category of directorship and membership of board committees, if any.
 - (c) The independent director shall, along with the detailed reasons, also provide a confirmation that there is no other material reasons other than those provided.
 - (d) The confirmation as provided by the independent director above shall also be disclosed by the Company to the stock exchanges along with the detailed reasons as specified in sub-clause (a) and (c) above.
11. In case of resignation of key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director other than an independent director; the letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director shall be disclosed to the stock exchanges by the Company within seven days from the date that such resignation comes into effect.
12. In case the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer of the Company was indisposed or unavailable to fulfil the requirements of the role in a regular manner for more than forty-five days in any rolling period of ninety days, the same along with the reasons for such indisposition or unavailability, shall be disclosed to the stock exchange(s).

13. Appointment or discontinuation of share transfer agent.
14. Resolution plan/ Restructuring in relation to loans/borrowings from banks/financial institutions including the following details:
 - (i) Decision to initiate resolution of loans/borrowings;
 - (ii) Signing of Inter-Creditors Agreement (ICA) by lenders;
 - (iii) Finalization of Resolution Plan;
 - (iv) Implementation of Resolution Plan
 - (v) Salient features, not involving commercial secrets, of the resolution/ restructuring plan as decided by lenders.
15. One time settlement (OTS) with a bank by the Company of its borrowings, if any.
16. Winding-up petition filed by any party/creditors.
17. Issuance of notices, call letters, resolutions and circulars sent to shareholders, debenture holders or creditors or any class of them or advertised in the media by the Company.
18. Proceedings of annual and extraordinary general meetings of the Company along with prescribed details.
19. Amendments to memorandum and articles of association of Company, in brief.
20. (a) (i) Schedule of analysts or institutional investors meet at least two working days in advance (excluding the date of the intimation and the date of the meet);
 - (ii) The Presentations prepared by the listed entity for analysts or institutional investors meet, post earnings or quarterly calls shall be disclosed to the recognized stock exchanges prior to beginning of such events.

Explanation I: For the purpose of this clause 'meet' shall mean group meetings or group conference calls conducted physically or through digital means.

Explanation II: Disclosure of names in the schedule of analysts or institutional investors meet shall be optional for the listed entity.
- (b) Audio recordings, video recordings, if any, and transcripts of post earnings or quarterly calls, by whatever name called, conducted physically or through digital means, in the following manner:
 - (i) The audio recordings shall be promptly made available on the website and in any case, before the next trading day or within twenty-four hours from the conclusion of such calls, whichever is earlier;

- (ii) The video recordings, if any, shall be made available on the website within forty-eight hours from the conclusion of such calls;
- (iii) the transcripts of such calls shall be made available on the website along with simultaneous submission to recognized stock exchanges within five working days of the conclusion of such calls.

21. The following events in relation to the corporate insolvency resolution process (CIRP) of a listed corporate debtor under the Insolvency Code:

- (i) Filing of application by the corporate applicant for initiation of CIRP, also specifying the amount of default;
- (ii) Filing of application by financial creditors for initiation of CIRP against the corporate debtor, also specifying the amount of default; (iii) Admission of application by the Tribunal, along with amount of default or rejection or withdrawal, as applicable;
- (iii) Public announcement made pursuant to order passed by the Tribunal under section 13 of Insolvency Code;
- (iv) List of creditors as required to be displayed by the corporate debtor under regulation 13(2)(c) of the IBBI (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016;
- (v) Appointment/ Replacement of the Resolution Professional;
- (vi) Prior or post-facto intimation of the meetings of Committee of Creditors;
- (vii) Brief particulars of invitation of resolution plans under section 25(2)(h) of Insolvency Code in the Form specified under regulation 36A(5) of the IBBI (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016;
- (viii) Number of resolution plans received by Resolution Professional;
- (ix) Filing of resolution plan with the Tribunal;
- (x) Approval of resolution plan by the Tribunal or rejection, if applicable;
- (xi) Specific features and details of the resolution plan as approved by the Adjudicating Authority under the Insolvency Code, not involving commercial secrets, including details such as:
 - (a) Pre and Post net-worth of the company;
 - (b) Details of assets of the company post CIRP;
 - (c) Details of securities continuing to be imposed on the companies' assets;
 - (d) Other material liabilities imposed on the company;
 - (e) Detailed pre and post shareholding pattern assuming 100% conversion of convertible securities;
 - (f) Details of funds infused in the company, creditors paid-off;
 - (g) Additional liability on the incoming investors due to the transaction, source of such funding etc.;
 - (h) impact on the investor –revised P/E, RONW ratios etc.;
 - (i) Names of the new promoters, key managerial persons(s), if any and their

past experience in the business or employment. In case where promoters are companies, history of such company and names of natural persons in control;

- (j) Brief description of business strategy
- (xii) Any other material information not involving commercial secrets.
- (xiii) Proposed steps to be taken by the incoming investor/acquirer for achieving the MPS;
- (xiv) Quarterly disclosure of the status of achieving the MPS;
- (xv) The details as to the delisting plans, if any approved in the resolution plan.

22. Initiation of Forensic audit: In case of initiation of forensic audit, (by whatever name called), the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges by listed entities: a) The fact of initiation of forensic audit along-with name of entity initiating the audit and reasons for the same, if available; b) Final forensic audit report (other than for forensic audit initiated by regulatory / enforcement agencies) on receipt by the Company along with comments of the management, if any.

Explanation – For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, forensic audit refers to the audits, by whatever name called, which are initiated with the objective of detecting any mis-statement in financial statements, mis-appropriation, siphoning or diversion of funds and does not include audit of matters such as product quality control practices, manufacturing practices, recruitment practices, supply chain process including procurement or other similar matters that would not require any revision to the financial statements disclosed by the listed entity.

23. Announcement or communication through social media intermediaries or mainstream media by directors, promoters, key managerial personnel or senior management of the Company, in relation to any event or information which is material for the Company in terms of regulation 30 of these regulations and is not already made available in the public domain by the Company.

Explanation – “social media intermediaries” shall have the same meaning as defined under the Information Technology (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules, 2021.

24. Action(s) initiated or orders passed by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the Company or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the Company, in respect of the following:

- (a) search or seizure; or
- (b) re-opening of accounts under section 130 of the Companies Act, 2013; or
- (c) investigation under the provisions of Chapter XIV of the Companies Act,

2013; along with the following details pertaining to the actions(s) initiated, taken or orders passed:

- i. name of the authority;
- ii. nature and details of the action(s) taken, initiated or order(s) passed;
- iii. date of receipt of direction or order, including any ad-interim or interim orders, or any other communication from the authority;
- iv. details of the violation(s)/contravention(s) committed or alleged to be committed;
- v. impact on financial, operation or other activities of the Company, quantifiable in monetary terms to the extent possible.

25. Action(s) taken or orders passed by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the Company or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the Company, in respect of the following:

- (a) suspension;
- (b) imposition of fine or penalty;
- (c) settlement of proceedings;
- (d) debarment;
- (e) disqualification;
- (f) closure of operations;
- (g) sanctions imposed;
- (h) warning or caution; or
- (i) any other similar action(s) by whatever name called; along with the following details pertaining to the actions(s) taken or orders passed:

- i. name of the authority;
- ii. nature and details of the action(s) taken or order(s) passed;
- iii. date of receipt of direction or order, including any ad-interim or interim orders, or any other communication from the authority;
- iv. details of the violation(s)/contravention(s) committed or alleged to be committed;
- v. impact on financial, operation or other activities of the Company, quantifiable in monetary terms to the extent possible.

Explanation – Imposition of fine or penalty shall be disclosed in the following manner along with the details pertaining to the action(s) taken or orders passed as mentioned in the sub-paragraph:

- (i) disclosure of fine or penalty of rupees one lakh or more imposed by sectoral regulator or enforcement agency and fine or penalty of rupees ten lakhs or more

imposed by other authority or judicial body shall be disclosed within twenty four hours.

(ii) disclosure of fine or penalty imposed which are lower than the monetary thresholds specified in the clause (i) above on a quarterly basis in the format as may be specified.”

26. Voluntary revision of financial statements or the report of the board of directors of the Company under section 131 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Annexure B

An illustrative list of events or information which shall be disclosed by the Company to the stock exchange(s) on application of materiality guidelines as listed in the Policy:

1. Commencement or any postponement in the date of commencement of commercial operations of any unit/division.
2. Any of the following events pertaining to the Company:
 - (a) arrangements for strategic, technical, manufacturing, or marketing tie-up; or
 - (b) adoption of new line(s) of business; or
 - (c) closure of operation of any unit, division or subsidiary (in entirety or in piecemeal).
3. Capacity addition or product launch.
4. Awarding, bagging/receiving, amendment or termination of awarded/bagged orders/contracts, not in the normal course of business.
5. Agreements (viz. loan agreement(s) or any other agreement(s) which are binding and not in normal course of business) and revision(s) or amendment(s) and termination(s) thereof.
6. Disruption of operations of any one or more units or division of the Company due to natural calamity (earthquake, flood, fire etc.), force majeure or events such as strikes, lockouts etc.
7. Effect(s) arising out of change in the regulatory framework applicable to the Company.
8. Pendency of any litigation(s) or dispute or the outcome thereof which may have an impact on the Company.

Explanation - Tax litigations or disputes, including demand notices, penalties, etc., shall be disclosed under sub-para 8 of Para B based on application of criteria for materiality in the following manner:

- (i) Disclosure of new tax litigations or disputes within twenty-four hours from the receipt of notice by the listed entity.
- (ii) Quarterly updates on ongoing tax litigations or disputes in the format as may be specified.

- (iii) Tax litigations or disputes, the outcomes of which are likely to have a high correlation, should be cumulated for determining materiality.
9. Frauds or defaults by employees of the Company which has or may have an impact on the Company.
 10. Options to purchase securities including any ESOP/ESPS Scheme.
 11. Giving of guarantees or indemnity or becoming a surety for any third party;
 12. Granting, withdrawal, surrender, cancellation or suspension of key licenses or regulatory approvals;
 13. Delay or default in the payment of fines, penalties, dues, etc. to any regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority.
 14. Any other event/information that is likely to affect business. Such events may include but not be limited to the following:
 - a. Change in accounting policy that may have a significant impact on the accounts of the Company, etc. and brief details thereof;
 - b. Any other event which is in the nature of major development that is likely to affect business of the Company, e.g. emergence of new technologies, expiry of patents.
 - c. Any other information exclusively known to the Company which may be necessary to be disseminated to enable the holders of the securities of the Company to apprise its position and to avoid the establishment of a false market in such securities.